

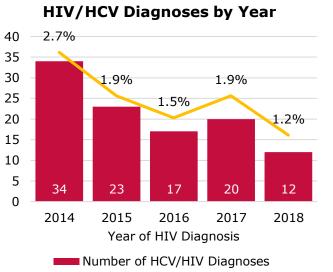
HIV & HEPATITIS C COINFECTION

JANUARY 2020

New HIV and HCV Diagnoses in Maryland

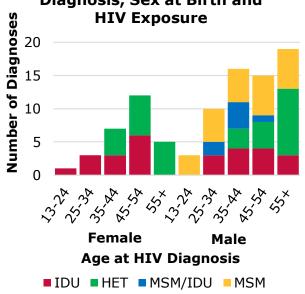
During 2014-2018, 106 people were diagnosed with both HIV and hepatitis C (HCV) within a 12-month period.

HIV/HCV Comorbidity among New Diagnoses, No. Total Rate							
2014-2018 Total							
Total 106 100.0% 2.1							
Late HIV Diagnosis 32 30.2%							
Linked to HIV Care in 1 month 81 76.4%							
Linked to HIV Care in 3 months 96 90.6%							
Age at Diagnosis							
13-24 5 4.7% 0.5							
25-34 14 13.2% 1.7							
35-44 25 23.6% 3.2							
45-54 30 28.3% 3.7							
55+ 32 30.2% 1.8							
Sex at Birth							
Male 71 67.0% 2.9							
Female 35 33.0% 1.3							
Race/Ethnicity							
Hispanic 6 5.7% 1.3							
Non-Hispanic Black 68 64.2% 4.5							
Non-Hispanic White 24 22.6% 0.9							
Non-Hispanic Other 8 7.5% 1.8							
Country of Birth							
United States 97 91.5% 2.3							
Foreign Born 6 5.7% 0.7							
Reported HIV Exposure Category							
MSM 25 23.6%							
IDU 27 25.5%							
MSM/IDU 7 6.6%							
HET 32 30.2%							
Other 0 0.0%							
No Reported Risk 15 14.2%							
Jurisdictions of HIV Diagnosis with Highest Morbidity							
Baltimore City 51 48.1% 10.0							
Prince George's County 14 13.2% 2.0							
Baltimore County 10 9.4% 1.3							
Correctional Facility 4 3.8%							



Diagnoses by Age at Diagnosis, Sex at Birth and

Percent of Total HIV Diagnoses



Note. Correctional facilities are not a high morbidity jurisdiction but persons residing in correctional facilities are a priority population. Country of birth data not complete for all people.

HIV/HCV Diagnosis: New diagnoses of HIV and HCV within 12 months

Rate: Number of people living with a HIV/HCV diagnosis divided by the population and multiplied by 100,000.

HCV: Henatitis C Virus	I MSM : Male-to-male Sexual	Contact LIDU: Injection	Drug Use I	HET: Heterosexual Contact

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation Prevention and Health Promotion Administration Maryland Department of Health http://phpa.health.maryland.gov/OIDEOR/CHSE

HIV surveillance data reported through 6/30/2019 from the Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS). HCV surveillance data reported through 7/19/2019 from the Maryland National Electronic Disease Surveillance (NEDSS)

Characteristics of People Living with HIV Ever Diagnosed with HCV

At the end of 2018, there were 3,889 people living with diagnosed HIV that have ever been diagnosed with HCV.

People Living with HIV ever Diagnosed with HCV	No.	% of Total	Rate	% with HIV Viral Load Suppressed
Total	3,861	100.0%	76.0	73.8%
Age on December 31, 20	18			
13-24	8	0.2%	0.9	37.5%
25-34	112	2.9%	13.4	58.9%
35-44	292	7.6%	37.7	61.8%
45-54	962	24.9%	117.5	69.1%
55+	2,487	64.4%	142.6	78.0%
Sex at Birth				
Male	2,592	67.1%	106.3	74.7%
Female	1,269	32.9%	48.0	72.2%
Race/Ethnicity				
Hispanic	123	3.2%	26.4	63.2%
Non-Hispanic Black	2,933	76.0%	194.5	75.0%
Non-Hispanic White	458	11.9%	17.2	69.4%
Non-Hispanic Other	347	9.0%	77.3	73.7%
Reported HIV Exposure	Category			
MSM	452	11.7%		81.6%
IDU	2,341	60.6%		72.6%
MSM/IDU	297	7.7%		74.4%
HET	513	13.3%		75.6%
Perinatal Transmission	5	0.1%		60.0%
Other	10	0.3%		90.0%
No Reported Risk	243	6.3%		67.1%
Jurisdictions of HIV Diag	nosis wit	h Highest	Morbidity	
Baltimore City	2421	62.7%	474.2	72.6%
Prince George's County	430	11.1%	56.6	75.9%
Baltimore County	358	9.3%	51.2	79.6%
Corrections	62	1.6%		59.7%

Note. Corrections is not a high morbidity jurisdiction but persons residing in correctional facilities are a priority population. Age-adjusted death rate calculated using 2000 Standard Million Population for the United States. 2017 reported deaths are preliminary. For additional information on the HCV elimination indicators please see: https://www.cdc.gov/hepatitis/policy/PDFs/NationalProgressReport.pdf

HCV Elimination Indicators

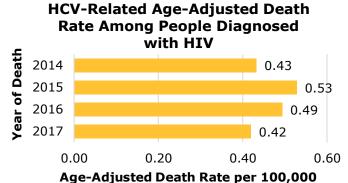
Reduce the rate of reported acute HCV infections

2010

Among people living with diagnosed HIV, there have been no newly reported acute HCV infections since 2010.

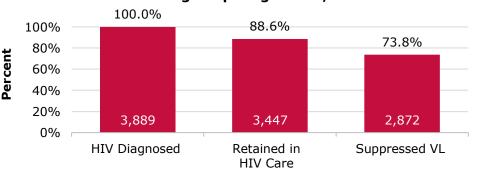
Reduce the rate of HCV-related deaths

Among those coinfected with HIV and HCV, where HIV was the leading cause of death, 27% had a secondary cause of death of HCV.



HIV Continuum of Care

Diagnosis-Based Estimated HIV Continuum of Care Among People Aged 13+, 2018



Among current Maryland residents living with diagnosed HIV and ever diagnosed with HCV